The Hillsborough Recorder.

J. D. CAMERON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.] TRUTH FEARS NO FOE, AND SHUNS NO SCRUTINY. [TERMS---$1 50 A YEAR, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

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Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor
ZEBULON B. VANCE,
Of Mecklenburg.

For Lieutenant Governor.
THOMAS J. JARVIS,
Of Pitt.

For State Treasurer
J. M. WORTH,
Of Randolph.

For Secretary of State,
JOSEPH A. ENGELHARD,
Of New Hanover.

For State Auditor,
SAMUEL L. LOVE,
Of Haywood.

For Attorney General,
THOMAS S. KENAN,
Of Wilson.

For Sup't. of Public Instruction,
J. C. SCARBOROUGH,
Of Johnston.

For Congress—4th District,
JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
Of Franklin.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SENATE,
MAJ. JOHN W. GRAHAM,
Of Orange.
COL. JOHN W. CUNNINGHAM.
Of Person.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
CALVIN E. PARISH,
JOHN K. HUGHES.

FOR SHERIFF.
THOMAS H. HUGHES.

FOR TREASURER.
DAVID C. PARKS.

FOR REGISTER.
JOHN LAWS.

CORONER.
THOMAS J. WILSON.

SURVEYOR.
A. M. LEATHERS.

FOR COMMISSIONERS.
James Watson, John F. Lyon,
Nelson P. Hall, D. F. Morrow.
Willie Patterson.

ALPHABET OF PROVERBS.

A grain of prudence is worth a pound of craft.

Boasters are cousins to liars.

Confession of a fault makes half amends.

Denying a fault doubles it.

Envy shooteth at others and woundeth herself.

Foolish fear doubles danger.

God reaches us good things by our own hands.

He has hard work who has nothing to do.

It costs more to revenge wrongs than to bear them.

Knavery is the worst trade.

Learning makes a man fit company for himself.

Modesty is a guard to virtue.

Not to hear conscience is the way to silence it.

One hour to-day is worth two to-morrow.

Proud looks make foul work in fair faces.

Quiet conscience gives quiet sleep.

Richest is he that wants least.

Small faults indulged are little thieves.

The boughs that bear most hang lowest.

Upright walking is sure walking.

Virtue and happiness are near kin.

Wise men make more opportunities than they find.

You never lose by doing a good turn.

'May I leave a few tracts?' asked a travelling quack doctor of a lady who responded to his knock. 'Leave some tracts? Certainly you may,' said she, looking at him most benignly over her spec's; 'leave them with the heel toward the house, if you please.'

Says a Frenchman who has lived in America for some years: 'When they build a railroad the first thing they do is to break ground. This is done with great ceremony. Then they break the stockholders. This is done without ceremony.

An old lady was in the habit of talking to her friends in a gloomy, depressing manner, presenting only the sad side of life. 'Hang it,' said one, after a long and sombre interview, 'she wouldn't allow that there was a bright side to the moon!'

TO CAPTAIN SETTLE, LATE C. S. A; RADICAL CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

From the Wilmington Journal.

SIR:—

You belong to the best blood of the State. Like your Confederate and Judicial comrade Colonel Rodman, you were born an aristocrat. You are no common man, sprung from obscure parentage. High station and wealth and the Settle family are no strangers to each other. Your father, whose honored name you bear in full, adorned for years the Judiciary of our State.

Time and again you have been honored by the confidence of the people. An educated gentleman, you were doubtless early proficient in English history; at any rate I make bold to say that the example of at least one more illustrious English character has been a lamp unto thy feet and a light unto thy path in every night of doubt and uncertainty that has come upon you. It is unnecessary to say I refer to that eminent British Divine, the Vicar of Bray, him who in every revolution professed the tenets of the sect that "held the best living in England." No matter how many might be wrecked around him his bark always came safely to shore.

Comparatively a young man, for twenty five years, you have been more or less prominent before the people. You were by birth and education a Whig; your county of Rockingham was largely Democratic; you went to the University of the State and there you overcome your early prejudices as your naturally fine mind was enlarged and developed by its liberalizing course of study. This was truly fortunate. The whole State had also become Democratic and you returned home, most opportunely qualified for the position of private Secretary to your brother-in-law, that true man Governor DAVID SETTLE REID! For a time Democracy was jubilant and so was THOMAS SETTLE, Jr. The future lay fair and beautiful before you; the sunshine lasted just long enough to make you the Solicitor for your District.

But fair weather could not last always. Portentous signs of a terrible storm overcast the whole political horizon. With rare skill you so trimmed your sails as to break its force. Still claiming to be a Democrat, you followed in the wake of your family connection, Hon. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. If Douglas won you were all right. If the Democrats won, you were still a Democrat. If the Opposition won, had you not aided them in breaking down the Democratic party! Verily, it was a fine position you took.

But neither Democrats, Douglas nor the Opposition won. The winning party, though marching on was not yet here. And you wished to be Solicitor again. The Legislature met and you asked to be again elected. In the caucus of the Democratic members, held in the Commons Hall, in the winter of 1860, you made a speech recanting your errors and apologising for your wanderings. I was present at that caucus. I have in my mind's eye now, your tall, graceful figure and your commanding form, as you renewed your fealty to the Democratic party, which, it is needless to say then controlled the Legislature. I well remember the classic and elegant manner in which you referred to your error. It was forcible too. You said you were like the poor girl when severely rebuked by her stern mother for an indiscretion that resulted in an unauthorized grandchild for the old lady; and all you had to say was that "if you had had a baby it was a mighty small one," and you hoped to be excused. You were excused and nominated and received the vote of every Democrat in the Legislature save that of the gallant and chivalrous FLEMING of Rowan, who boldly proclaimed that no caucus could compel him to vote for you under such circumstances.

Poor FLEMING! The gentlest, the purest, the bravest, the most incorruptible of men, the most single-minded of patriots and the truest of friends! Fitted by every quality of head and of heart to adorn the highest position in the gift of the people, it fell to your lot my gallant comrade to lay down your noble life for the land you loved so well! You, Captain Settle, and myself, still survive! The ways of Providence are indeed past finding out.

You were elected and herein was your good fortune again apparent. The Presidential election took place in November but that for Solicitor did not take place until December, so that you had ample time, ample for you at least, to run off with DOUGLAS and return to the true folds before your election came off.

The storm whose ominous mutterings had been heard and whose black cloud had been seen, at last burst and with sudden fury over the whole country. The President of the United States called for seventy-five thousand troops to quell "the insurrection." Your response to this call was prompt and vigorous. You raised a company and with arms in your hands became an insurgent. You defied the Federal flag and bore a Captain's commission in the insurgent army.

A year passed. In 1862 when the spring time came, you were elected a full Colonel, but like Gallio of old, you then cared for none of those things. You could not command, you said, men who were soldiers by compulsion. You must have a free troop or none at all. You therefore resigned and came home. Again good fortune had favored you. Thus far the current of popular feeling had been strong against the Federal Government but at that point there was a change. Just as that feeling received its first shock, the Confederate Government made men soldiers by compulsion and afforded to your tender sensibilities excuse for stepping out of a current that, now becoming cold and muddy, was carrying you out into an unknown sea! Your race as an insurgent was run.

Time rolled on. Mr. Lincoln at last succeeded in quelling "the insurrection." The current had by this time turned in the opposite direction, and flowed with such violence that it was like a rushing, raging, mountain torrent. But the first thing recognized on the tumultuous waters was the cheery bark of THOMAS SETTLE gliding on so calmly and smoothly that even had it held that poor girl's unfortunate babe, its slumbers would have been undisturbed. The people who for four years had made war upon you, the same people against whom four years before, you had so valiantly taken up arms were now triumphant. The winning side that for four years had been marching, on was actually here at last and no mistake and you were again jubilant.

A Convention, so-called, assembled and you were one of its prominent members. It met in that same Commons Hall where you told the chaste and pathetic story of that poor girl. In that same Commons Hall, for the Canby Constitution had not then changed its name, it was again my fortune to be present when you made another celebrated speech, that in which you confessed yourself a conscious traitor to your flag and to your country. But, though a conscious traitor, you denied that you had been a willing traitor. You declared that when you stood by the dying bed of your honored father, no greater agony wrenched your soul than that you felt when you adorned the old flag. You did not repeat the story about the poor girl, but it is needless to say I was forcibly reminded of the time when I heard you confess and recant your treason to the old Democratic party. I stood and listened to you that day, my face burning with shame that such words could be uttered in such a place and no man dare make a reply! Yet so it was. That speech will never be forgotten Captain Traitor Settle! The people of North Carolina do not love traitors. But still you thrived. You were made Speaker of the Senate and you were again elected Solicitor for district, and as you went from county to county you left strife and discord in your wake, neighbor against neighbor and brother against brother. You became a merciless prosecutor and a relentless persecutor of those who, like yourself had fought against the old flag.

Time rolled on. You were now a 'loyal man' though not yet a Radical. In the fall of 1867 a convention of your new brethren was held in Tucker Hall in Raleigh and adopted such extreme views that a division was made and for a short time there was hope that a few would return to their senses. It was so frequently reported that you were opposed to Radicalism, and that the smell of the negro was offensive to your aristocratic white nostrils, that I looked with some confidence to hear your third recantation. But the threatened division failed, for colored suffrage came and of course you and the negroes then joined the Radical party. Reconstruction and Radicalism were then jubilant and so were you. "Excelsior" was your motto. Upon the sweaty backs of your sable brethren, you who had only been Solicitor, mounted to a seat on the bench of the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Nor might you be blamed. If a negro could be a voter, might not a traitor be Judge? Your judgment and foresight were admirable in matters political, and why might not you as readily foresee the winning side in a legal contest as the winning side in a political contest? And then, too, TOURGEE had induced the Convention to abolish all that legal lumber about pleading, and law and equality, of which the head of GASTON, and HENDERSON, and RUFFIN used to be so full. And so it was. With aristocratic instinct you at once got above the common negro herd. Nor were you out of place, for when SETTLE became Judge, party became law, PEARSON also and politics were one and inseparable. RODMAN too and READE were always ready to obey partizan behests. You were no worse than the rest—and no better.

Time rolled on. The terrible Kirk war came on and with it came the crowning shame of our life. Men might forget that you were selfish and time serving; might forget that you had betrayed and abandoned every political party that you ever belonged to; they might bury in oblivion the remembrance that you shamefully slunked when your native land, that had so honored you, was invaded by a merciless foe; they might forget that you confessed and publicly called yourself a traitor; might overlook your alliance with negroes and your association with vile carpet-baggers who overran your State, but never so long as you and they shall live, will citizens of North Carolina either forget or forgive your shameful conduct when you a Judge, sworn to administer the law honestly and impartially, abandoned them, in the hour of their extremity, to the mercy of Kirk and his cut throats. When you and your Radical brethren on the bench in real or pretended fear crouched down before Kirk's insolent gibes like a pack of whipped curs, you set your own seals to your own shame and to your own infamy. Did you fear or did you only feign to fear! In 1860 you hesitated not to take up arms against the Federal Government. How was it, then, that in 1870 a single Tennessee cut-throat could by a few insolent words strike down all the manhood in you? Shame, of shame: where is thy blush? Friends, kinsmen, fellow-citizens all, were in vile dungeons, huddled together in midsummer's heat, hourly insulted and hourly in danger of their lives from the bullets and bayonets of lawless brigands, and you, with all the power of the State at your command, miserably, cowardly, traitorously left them to their fate—to trial by drum-head court martial! And in the face of all this you ask the people of North Carolina to make you their Governor! Do you remember that Canby no longer rules—that our election returns are no longer sent to Charleston to be counted? May God Almighty in his infinite goodness and mercy forgive you your great crime; the people of North Carolina never will.

ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

SOME FEMININE SECRETS.

A certain reckless correspondent of an English paper, writing from Paris, not having the fear of his better half before his eyes, reveals some curious facts upon the subject of French cosmetics and other secrets of feminine adornment, which may be worth a passing notice.

According to this authority, most French perfumes are made at Grasse, in Provence where the flower gardens are the most beautiful in the world. It may be observed that the French scents are not only the best but the most innocent known to commerce, the perfumes of the East being generally unhealthy, and those of the North too coarse and pungent to be agreeable. The produce of the Grasse gardens is bought wholesale by Parisian tradesmen, and then put into those pretty boxes and bottles, which all women know so well. Of course the profit to the retail sellers is enormous, though the perfumes are said to waste greatly in the process of preparation. A conversation between the correspondent and one of these Parisian tradesmen evoked some interesting particulars.

Bear's grease, he was told, comes chiefly from Savoy and the Alps. Goose grease is commonly mixed with quicksilver to dye the hair and eyebrows, but it will not do for summer use, tallow being preferable in hot weather. 'Oil of eggs' is an invaluable cosmetic, and no lady of a dark complexion can really do without it. It is perfumed by an ingenious invention which pumps a current of fragrant air through it.

Most of the preparations of lavender sold throughout the world are made from flowers from Mitcham, in Surrey, England.

Macassar of the finest kind is concocted from four other sorts of oil, olive oil, rose oil and oil of cassia. It is scented with cloves and oreanette. Another oil, bearing the suggestive name of 'Bachelor's oil,' and used for keeping the hair on, is compounded of cloves and cinnamon wood boiled—horrible!—in castor oil. Ardent girls whose hair is red may sooth and modify it by an impanable powder made of charcoal and ivory black. Golden locks may be created by a judicious mixture of yellow ochre, whiting and brown vanilla powder. Chestnut hair is the resultant of starch and ebony saw-dust dissolved in gum water. A gentlehearted girl who wishes her skin to become as soft as her heart may attain her object by stirring up white balm of Judy, pistachio-nuts and sweet almonds, moistened with virginal cream. The blunder of wrinkles may be repaired by means of a paste concocked from narboune honey, wax, rose water and the juice of lily roots. Cosmetic gloves for wearing during the night are prepared by soaking leather bags in malted spermaceti, mutton fat and lard, left to grow mouldy when cool among damp rose leaves. And, to conclude with the most significant item of all, most rouge is made of cochineal.

Such are a few of the feminine secrets disclosed by this most garrulous and indiscreet of correspondents. What other simpler, less to be suspected, and therefore far more successfully deceptive expedients remain unrevealed, it might perhaps be dangerous and melancholy to enquire.

What is nothing? A footless stocking without a leg.

TILDEN AND REFORM.

[*Air*—"The Wearing of the Green."

In the city of St. Louis the Democrats did meet,
To nominate a ticket Hayes and Wheeler to defeat.
Their reception by the Western boys was glorious and warm,
For all were ready to unite for Tilden and reform.

Chorus.—For Tilden and Reform,
For Tilden and Reform, &c.

The North and South and East and West were there in grand array,
All ready for the coming fight and sure to win the day.
With steady purpose they resolved corruption's camp to storm,
And make the nation's welkin ring for Tilden and Reform!

Chorus—For Tilden and Reform,
For Tilden and Reform, &c.

And now the people's voice is heard throughout the land once more,
And Tilden's name and Hendrick's will resound from shore to shore;
Thieves must give place to honest men, for brightly breaks the morn;
The land proclaims triumphantly for Tilden and Reform.

Chorus—For Tilden and Reform,
For Tilden and Reform, &c.
—*Albany Argus.*

THE NEXT ADMINISTRATION.

Here is the scheme of the next administration as outlined by a Washington paper.

President—Tilden.
Vice-President—Hendricks.
Secretary of State—Thomas F. Bayard.
Secretary of Treasury—David A. Wells.
Secretary of Interior—James O. Brodhead.
Attorney General—Allen G. Thurman.
Secretary of War.—W. S. Hancock.
Secretary of Navy—James R. Doolittle.
Minister to England—Horatio Seymour.
Minister to France—Joel Parker.
Minister to Russia—John Quincy Adams
Minister to Spain—Thomas Ewing.
Minister to Germany—Thos. Swann.

Should such men be the chief officials and representative of the next four years the country will indeed have reason for honest pride in her public servants.

WHY SHE PLANTED ROSES—A blacksmith had in possession, but under mortgage, a house and piece of land. Like many others, he was at one time fond of the social glass, but was happily induced by a friend to join the temperance society. About three months after he observed his wife one morning busily engaged in planting rose bushes and fruit trees. 'Mary,' said he, 'I have owned this lot for five years and yet I never known you to care to improve it in this manner.' 'Indeed,' replied the smiling wife, 'I had no heart to do it until you gave up drink. I had often thought of it before, but I was persuaded that should I do it some stranger would pluck the roses and eat the fruit. Now, with God's blessing, this cot will be ours, and we and our children may expect to enjoy the produce. We shall pluck the roses and eat the fruit." And they did. Their cottage was known as the prettiest in the neighborhood.—*National Grange.*

DOMESTICATED.

About six weeks ago Mr. Marion Phillips, living near the Warm Springs while hunting on the mountain saw a red fox run from an old log. Examining the log, Mr. Phillips found six young foxes. Taking them up, he carried them home and placed them in charge of the cat, placing grimalkin's kittens in the place of the fox cubs.—What became of the little cats Mr. Phillips knows not, as the old fox changed her hiding place immediately, and probably carried the kittens with her. The old cat carefully nursed the little foxes, which had thrived wonderously under her care, and are as tame as pet kittens, showing no disposition to return to the woods.—Meriwether Vindicator.

Belgrade, July 21.—Official.—The Priest of Doutchetch routed four thousand Turkish Regulars to-day, a seven-hours fight, near Radesinje.

London, July 21.—The Servians lost two thousand, killed at Ivor.

Omar Pacha slaughtered five hundred Servians at Novo Sello; only a few of them escaped.

The Servian army has organized into two grand divisions. Tchernayeff commands the Eastern and General Olimpics, commands the Western Divisions.

The Servians attempted to interrupt the rail-road near Sofia, but the Softans repulsed them.

Five thousand six hundred and forty-three houses of the Christians were burned during the Bulgarian Insurrection. Many were fired by revolutionary emmisaries to compel the people to join the Insurrection.

The strategy of the Prince of Montenegro is considered feeble. His indecision is likely to sacrifice all the advantages gained. The opportunity of taking Mostar without fighting for it is already lost.

SPEECH BY SENATOR BAYARD.

Senator Bayard of Delaware, in a speech at a democratic ratification meeting in Philadelphia on Saturday night, said:

I look askance at this country, and see it filled with debt,—national debt, municipal debt, private debt—until the whole country looks to me like a huge mortgage. Look at the glorious promises with which the republican party four years ago trumped up its majorities. We would have specie payment and gold and silver should again be current among the people. Gentlemen, we are to-day further away from specie payment than we were four years ago. Do not believe that a government composed of a number of people can make itself rich by the issue of paper money any more than one of you can take a private printing press and grind wealth out of it for yourself.

This party has further promised reconstruction. How have they reconstructed? By reconciliation? No! They have broken every bone in the body of the South. There is another, a very serious objection to the ruling party—official dishonesty. You might as well try to carry water in a seive as to carry on a government successfully with dishonesty in high places. Since the democrats attained a majority in the House of Representatives look what an amount of dishonesty has been uprooted, and then look how these revelations were received. Not a single republican member of the House but disapproved of the exposure. They have shown by their conduct of what metal they are cast. Let them step down and out.

Now who are the republican candidates? They are Hayes and Wheeler—men of personal respectability, but little known. They are men who have gone through their political lives without scarcely making a ripple on the surface of the political ocean. On the other hand, what do we offer you? Do we offer you obscure men? We present you two men who are safely, honorably, conducting the affairs of two great States. We present you Samuel J. Tilden, who has ruled the State of New York for the last three years. Four years ago New York was ruled by rings. Now everything is clean in the government. What less can be said of Hendricks? It is just this in the present campaign: Obscurity against honorable prominence. I do not deny that there are good, noble, honorable men in the Republican party. But they are few. I know nothing against the honor of the Republican nominees. I only say that they are weak, obscure, while our nominees have distinguished themselves abundantly.

John Philpot Curran and Father O'Leary were great friends, and seemed to have a mutual respect for each other's talents. One day after dinner Curran said, 'Reverend father, I wish you were St. Peter.' 'And why would you wish that?' asked O'Leary. 'Because, reverend father, in that case,' said Curran, 'you would have the keys of heaven, and you could let me in.' 'By my honor and consience,' replied the divine, 'it would be better for you that I had the keys of the other place, for then I could let you out.' Curran enjoyed the joke and admitted there might be a good deal of justice in it.

Moving for a new trial—Court during a second wife.

The early risers nowadays are the thermometer and the house-fly.

A lawyer may be said to work like a horse when he draws a conveyance.

He that calls a man an ungrateful sums up all the evil that a man can be guilty of.

When a physician deserts his profession for the pulpit the inference is that he can preach better than he can practice.

A New York man has christened his daughter Glycerine. He says it will be easy to prefix Nitro, if her temper resembles her mother's.

An enthusiast who had been to hear Anna Dickinson lecture wrote her, saying: 'With you I could be happy in a desert!' And she wrote back: 'No man will ever have a chance to desert me.'

'Excuse this bit of sarcasm,' said Smith to Jones, 'but I must say that you are an infamous liar and scoundrel.' 'Pardon this bit of irony,' said Jones to Smith, as he knocked him over with the poker.

They tell a story of a judge in Alabama who sent an officer out a few days since to get him a drink of whiskey. The officer returned with it, but the amount did not satisfy the judge. The second time back with a tumbler full, and remarked that the bar-keeper said that he 'didn't know that the old fool wanted to take a bath.'

A colored preacher, in translating to his hearers the sentence, 'The harvest is over the season is ended, and thy soul is not saved, put it: 'De corn has been cribbed, dere ain't any more work, and de debbil is still foolin' wid de commonalty.'

A young beau, at his sister's evening party, began to sing, 'Why am I so weak and weary? when a little brother brought the performance to a sudden close by yelling out, 'Aunt Mary says it's 'cause you come home so late and drunk most every night.'

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....AUGUST 2, 1876.

FOR PRESIDENT:

Samuel J. Tilden,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

Thomas A. Hendricks,

OF INDIANA.

THE CAMPAIGN.

Vance and Settle met for the first time at Rutherfordton, and the collision was tremendous. Without doubt, Settle is pretty strong on the stump, strong enough to make Vance regard him as an opponent, strong enough to put him on his mettle; not strong enough to make him fear him or the result. The Charlotte Observer gives a full account of the discussion. We regret we have not space for it.

Settle assumed the offensive, but he avoided the offensive charges so freely made by the small fry of Vance's cruelty to women. But he did make use of Vance's war record as obtained from documents on file in Washington. Vance retorted that the letters which Settle produced were garbled, and that he made unfair use of them and of his opportunities to obtain information not accessible to him, Vance. And the crowd took up the cry and denounced Settle for his unfairness.

Vance in turn took the offensive and retorted with telling effect. He charged among other things which the people in this section will do well to recall, that Settle endorsed and sustained the Kirk war by refusing to enforce the writ of Habeas Corpus, then suspended, and giving up the people to the licentiousness of military rule. Settle, too was shown to have prosecuted, during the war, while Solicitor, old men for harboring their sons as deserters. This was pretty strong on a man now the very pink of loyalty.

This discussion at Rutherfordton is a fair sample of what it will be elsewhere. The people are with Vance, and there can be no doubt of his election. At Columbus, in Polk county a meeting similar to that at the former place was held with the same results. The enthusiasm is unbounded and the country is aroused.

In the East, where Vance has lately been, no campaign has ever opened so vigorously and so enthusiastically. Vance will poll by many thousands more votes than were given for Merrimon.

But we must not rely upon enthusiasm. Work and work alone, will ensure victory. This campaign is no childs play.

A LIVELY PICTURE.

We beg the close attention of our readers to the letter as our first page addressed to the Republican candidate for Governor, Thomas Settle. It is well worth reading as it puts in its real light the true character of this deceptive worthy, who imposes by fine manners and a good presence. Fine feathers dont always make fine birds, and if Settle was preferred to Dockery, because the one was gotten up, as Mark Twain says, without regard to expence, while the other made a rustic appearance in his plain clothes and insignificant figure, the writer of this letter shows, that it might have been wisdom, in the long run, to have selected the less showy individual. For it appears to be no difficult matter to pluck the fine plumage from the preferred bird and show that his brilliant colors were all false.

There never has been presented to the people of North Carolina a more vulnerable target for the sport of assailants; never a man who has made tergiversation and treachery so close a study, and thus far, so profitable a pursuit. He has been on all sides and with every party. He has been alike false to all. He had but one aim in life, and that was always to be on the winning side and always to hold office. And to accomplish this he has been false to his conscience, false to his instincts, false to his race, false to his country, bartering each and all by turns for the mean rewards of office, riding into power on the backs of a race he once helped to hold in subjection, or of white men whom in other days he would have scorned to recognize; the born companion of vice and degradation, that, from this cesspool of corruption, he might draw what is to him the pearl of great price—office. He is a true vicar of Bray, but he is also the mirror of Southern loyalty and the paragon of Southern excellence. The State is called upon to support him as its savior, and he has the endorsement and help of the national Administration—even Grant's pure, patriotic and uncorruptible, to carry him through.

We are indebted to the Wilmington Journal, for this letter, the most formidable arraignment and striking picture of Settle yet made and presented.

SETTLE AND HABEAS CORPUS.

The people of Orange, Alamance and Caswell will not soon forget the lawless reign of Kirk, aided and abetted by Holden, the Republican Governor of the State. Nor will they forget, that the legal remedies for relief, issued by Judge Brooks of the United States District Court, of which Holden makes bitter complaint were thwarted by the Supreme Court of North Carolina, in which Holden is gratified in being able to state that Thomas Settle, the present Republican candidate for Governor fully concurred.

Holden adds that it was his purpose to detain the prisoners, captured by Kirk unless the army of the United States under the orders of the President of the United States should demand them.

Will these people ever forget or forgive the man who in time of peace treated them as prisoners of war, captured on most frivolous pretexts and herded in vile dungeons denying them the great writ of right under which their innocence would have been at once established? Will they ever give a vote for the persecutor, Tom Settle?

We think not. See the following:

SETTLE AND THE KIRK WAR.

HEAR WHAT HOLDEN SAID.

State of North Carolina,
Executive Department,
Raleigh Aug. 17, 1870.

To the President of the United States:

SIR: The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of this State, *sustained by his Associate Justices*, has decided that I have a right to declare counties in a state of insurrection, and to arrest and hold all suspected persons in such counties. This I have done.

But the district Judge, Brooks, relying on the 14th amendment, and the acts of Congress of 1867, page 385, chapter 27, has issued a writ of *habeas corpus*, commanding the officer Kirk to produce before him the bodies of certain prisoners detained by my order.

I deny his right thus to interfere with the local laws in murder cases. I hold these persons under our State laws, and under the decision of our Supreme Court Judges who have jurisdiction in the whole matter, and it is not known to Judge Brooks in what manner or by what tribunal the prisoners will be examined and tried.

The officer will be directed to reply to the writ that he holds the prisoners under my order, and that he refuses to obey the writ. If the marshal shall then call on the *posse comitatus* there may be conflict, but if he should call first on the Federal troops it will be for you to say whether the troops shall be used to take prisoners out of my hands.

It is my purpose to detain the prisoners, unless the army of the United States under your orders, shall demand them.

An early answer is respectfully requested.

W. W. HOLDEN.
Governor.

True copy:
[SEAL.] J. B. HEATHERY,
Private Secretary.

HEAR WHAT PEARSON SAID.

At the conclusion of his opinion in the case *ex parte* Kerr and others, page 820, vol. 64, North Carolina Reports, Chief Justice Pearson says:

"It is gratifying to be able to say that the other Justices have been in unreserved conference with me, and that all concur in these *habeas corpus* proceedings."

WHO WERE JUSTICES.

[From N. C. Reports, Vol. 64, Page III.]

Justices of the Supreme Court.

Richmond M. Pearson, Chief Justice.
Edwin G. Reade.
William B Rodman.
Robert P. Dick.
THOMAS SETTLE.

JOHN POOL.

Gov. Brogden has appointed this worthy to succeed the democrat Pool as superintendent of Public Instruction. This temporary appointment of an ex-Senator is as great a fall as the appointment of an ex-Governor to be post master. But there is more in the office than appears on the surface Holden's influence with his party is unimpaired and his zeal unabated. John Pool, in the modest office of Superintendent will find time and place to serve the purposes of the administration, and is selected as a most fit instrument to diffuse the corruption fund which will be liberally supplied. No more expert man for this distribution can be found, and it will matter very little to the administration if some of it does stick to his hand, provided he does his work well.

The appointment is no better and no worse than the Democrats expected.

The 'gallant Little Phil' Sheridan is making war on the Sioux at long taw from his comfortable quarters in Chicago, where he can watch the South and the Indians at the same time without endangering his scalp or his hide. He ought to be driven out of the army as cooks in old times used to expel troublesome urchins from the kitchen by having a dish clout pinned to his coat. Parlor generalship wont do in the head of the army.

Gen'l Robert Vance has been renominated for Congress in the Buncombe District principle contestants besides him were Maj A. C. Avery and Hon J. L. Robinson.

NOMINATION OF BROGDEN.

This chronic old office holder, for forty years a feeder from the public crib is determined yet to live and die at the public expense. He has arranged to step from the Executive office into the Halls of Congress without any of that intermediate experience of private life, which, if enjoyed, might be of service to him. The Republican Convention at Goldsboro last week elevated him over the pressing claims of eight or ten other aspirants, and over the rightful ambition of Hyman who most truly represents the negro constituency of that district. If the negro submits to this snubbing, he will stand anything. The negro vote in Hyman's district is in the proportion of ten to one of the white. If there were a particle of sincerity in radical profession, the possession of the representation by the negro should be undisputed. But a seat in Congress is too big a plum for the darkie. Hyman is pushed aside, and the only negro who gets anything in the District is O'Hara who rejoices in the empty honor of being district elector; chaff and husks for the negro, good fat kernel for the white man But the negro is satisfied and none others have a right to complain.

As an apt commentary upon our remarks on the decrease of the negro we take the following from the Charlotte Observer of the 23rd. After remarking that there were no deaths among the whites for the week the Observer adds: Yet, strange to say, the mortality among the colored population is very great. In one day last week, there were four interments in the colored cemetery, and the keeper of Elmwood says that on that day nine colored persons had died in the city. The remaining four were carried off by their friends and buried beyond the limits of the city.

The fact that Grant was received by the public at the opening of the Centennial Exhibition the 18th of May, with a storm of hisses is gradually leaking out as an uncontradicted fact, and this explains why he was not present at Philadelphia on the 4th of July.

But the Cincinnati Convention endorsed him after such a marked disgrace.

Maj Seaton Gales appears to be associated as editor of the Raleigh Sentinel. Though not mentioned by name the discription given of the new associate points unerringly to him and the vigor and grace of editorial matter in the Sentinel clearly betrays its hidden but brilliant origin. The Sentinel is on the high road to the distinction it promised to achieve.

Billy Smith with his blood hound antecedents and Hargrove with his Lowry gang proclivites are coming in for a well merited share of attention from the press. The latter gentleman is also the subject of a communication which appears in the Wilmington Journal, written four years ago by the Rev. Dr. Closs charging Hargrove with making a most violent assault upon the Methodist ministry at a discussion at Magnolia, at which Dr Closs was present as an act of courtesy to Hargrove, Dr Closs having been the pastor of his father and family. He turned to Dr Closs, and charged that the ministry were all secessionists; that they made war speeches and brought on the war; induced others to go into it, and shirked it themselves; that the Methodist Church was responsible for the war and its consequences.

Our Methodist friends will take a note of this.

SHAME, SHAME.

The Goldsboro Messenger, of July 27th, tells this pitiably shameful story which, for humanity's sake, we wish we could disbelieve: "An incident happened here Wednesday last after Gov. Brogden had received the nomination for Congress. The Governor met West Brogden, a poor, idiotic brother of his, clad in rags and barefooted. Mr. Jesse Grant called the Governor's attention to the dilapidated dress of his poor brother, and suggested that as he (Brogdan) had been distributing his money liberally among his negro manipulators, he might give his barefooted brother a pair of shoes. The Governor acting upon the suggestion gave his brother the pitiful sum of fifty cents. At this several bystanders were indignant, and thereupon Richard A. Newsome and Jesse Grant furnished West with the shoes. West will hardly vote for the Governor."

Washington July 25—In the late Indian fight on the Little Big Horn river it was shown that the redskins had in their possession arms and munitions of war of the most improved pattern, which they could not have received elsewhere than at the Indian agencies from the Indian agents. Mr. Hurlbut, of Illinois, proposes to put a stop to this business, and hence he offered a bill to-day directing the President to make such regulations as would prohibit the sale of these death-dealing, articles to hostile Indians. It was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Cincinnati, July 25—Two girls living near Logansport, were burned to death by the explosion of a kerosene lamp to-day.

ORU WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON D. C., July 28th.

In the Senate yesterday immediately after the reading of the Journal Mr. Bayard announced the death of Senator Allen T. Caperton of West Virginia and moved that as a mark of respect to his memory the Senate adjourn. This motion was temporarily withdrawn in order to allow Mr. Stevenson to move that a Committee of four be appointed to attend the remains to his late home in Western Virginia which motion was agreed to and then the Senate adjourned. Upon the announcement of the death of Senator Caperton in the House that body after the appointment of seven members to act with the four Senators as a mark of respect for the deceased Senator also adjourned. It is thought the Governor of West Virginia will appoint the Hon. Charles J. Faulkner to fill the term of Mr. Caperton which expires on the 8th, of March 1881. The so called arguments of counsel in the Belknap impeachment case have all been concluded and it is thought the Senate as a court will to-day render its judgment in the case. An order has been telegraphed to the commanding officer at Columbia S. C directing him to send an officer and twelve picked men to Hamburg S. C. Of course the picking means the selection of such men as are able and anxious to render themselves as obnoxious as possible to the white people of that locality. As the old dogma has it, a drowning man will catch at a straw and this Hamburg affair makes a large sheaf for the struggling republicans to support themselves upon in the raging sea of corruption in which they find themselves drowning. Zach Chandler and his brotherman Post-master Edmunds of this place the same who got up the Cass Lamson outrage, convention have started the Hayes campaign in the same old way. They have hired a notorious black politician, long employed by the Washington ring, and out of their tools, to go to Hamburg for the express purpose of stirring up strife in that town. This colored individual known about Washington as Perry Carson is well provided with the sinews of war, and will organize the blacks in South Carolina as he has been accustomed to do here where they were marched to the polls like a herd of cattle and voted for Boss Shepherd and his thieving crew without a division. The Republican leaders in the Senate were hard driven last week to meet the assaults of the Democrats exposing the extravagance and corruption which has characterised the administration of public affairs since the close of the war. Mr Merrimon had reproduced a statement compiled from the Blue Book intended to show the great increase in office holders since 1861 and particularly since Grant became President. This biennial register of Officers and Agents, civil military and naval in the service of the United States on the 30th of September 1875 is according to the title page compiled and printed under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior. It is intended to give name office and salary of every one employed under the government at the time of publication and is the only recognized official authority for such data. In order to meet this exposure Senator Boutwell had recourse to one of his characteristic tricks. Finding the reports of the official expenditures damaging to the administration, he induced Mr. Conart Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and one of his former subordinates to prepare a statement of his own, without any official character and which omitted some of the most material facts and held that up to the Senate as a contradiction of the records. Thus an administration Senator has the effrontery to produce the unofficial communication of a subordinate office holder for the purpose of expunging the official facts and figures prepared and published by authority of the government, because the latter contains positive proofs of mal-administration waste and jobbery.

RENO.

Washington, July 24.—The desperate straits into which the Administration and the leaders of the Republican party have been brought was confessed to-day by the President to T. Morris Chester, a colored lawyer from Louisiana, who had an interview with Grant in company with the Secretary of War. The President admitted that North and South Carolina and Louisiana were the only Southern States which he hoped to carry at the next election, and if there was any doubt about Louisiana the Administration would promptly aid the party in that State to insure success. This implied a liberal supply of troops, a generous donation from the campaign fund and measures that would strengthen the supporters of Hayes and Wheeler throughout the State. In this connection it can be stated that another part of the plan of the party is that if the Democrats carry Mississippi it is certain that the United States Senate will not count the vote. This was predicted by Jere Haralson, the colored Congressman from Alabama, in a speech made by him at Selma on the 15th, instant, and he added: "I have talked with Senators, and I know what I say." Haralson is a member of the Republican National Executive Committee in place of Senator Spencer, and Haralson has a right to say that he knows whereof he speaks in regard to the proposed attitude of the Senate on the electoral vote of Mississippi.

Notice---Taxes,

TAX-Payers are hereby notified that I will be present at the following times and places, and they are urgently requested to meet me and be ready to settle:

Orange Factory, Tuesday July 25th.
Mangum's Store, Wednesday July 26th.
Hall's Store, Thursday July 27th.
Cedar Grove, Friday July 28th.
White Cross, Tuesday August 1st.
Chapel Hill, Wednesday August 2nd.
Patterson's Mill, Thursday August 3rd.
Durham, Friday August 4th.
Hillsboro, Saturday August 5th.
Cole's, Tuesday August 8th.

Candidates will be present and address the people at each place.

THOMAS H. HUGHES,
July 12th tw. Sheriff of Orange.

CALL AT KIRKLAND & CO.,

FOR FINE

Old Imported Brandy,

Old Tom Gin,

Old Rye Whiskey.

AND a general line of

GROCERIES.

Consisting in part of

COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, MOLASSES, BACON, SOAP, PEPPER, FLOUR, CANDLES, SPICES, CRACKERS, CANNED GOODS, PICKLES, CHEESE, CONCENTRATED LYE, &c. &c.

Which we propose to sell at LOWEST Market rates. In addition to GROCERIES, we will keep,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE & HARDWARE.

Soliciting a share of the Patronage of the Citizens, and the Buyers, who visit this Market. We subscribe ourselves

KIRKLAND & CO.,

WE will take CORN, WHEAT, OATS, &c, in exchange for Goods.

Collie Clark is with us, and will be pleased to see his old friends.

K. & CO.

May 5 1y.

SELECT THE BEST

WADSWORTH MARTINEZ & LONGMAN'S

PAINTS

PURE PAINTS

Prepared for Immediate Use,

297 *PEARL ST. NEW YORK.*

We warrant the following advantages in the use of our Paints:

They will prove MORE DURABLE, and will present a good appearance after pure white lead, mixed in the ordinary way, has BECOME washed FROM THE WOOD.

Two coats of our PAINT are sufficient where three coats of other Paints would be required.

The body or covering capacity is superior POUND for POUND or by MEASURE. Our Paints will cover more surface than pure white lead.

The consumer takes NO RISK in using them as we guarantee satisfaction and will repaint any building with English B. B. white lead or any other, IF OUR PAINTS do not prove perfectly satisfactory.

Sample Cards, &c., sent upon application.

For Sale by

O. HOOKER, Druggist.

June 28th 3m. Hillsboro, N. C.

Mrs. Mattie Taylor,

MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER,

FARMERS' HALL.

HILLSBORO, N. C.

LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN HATS and Spring Millinery. Just to hand Call at MRS. TAYLORS'.

If you can't be suited come to Mrs. Taylor's, she has just what you want (or will furnish by Express no charge. Will receive weekly the latest novelties in Millinery Goods. Be sure to call.

MRS. MATTIE TAYLOR

April 5th.

LAMBS.

ON and after Saturday the 24th instant, I will be ready to deliver Lambs to all who have engaged them, and a few besides.

First come first served.

JAMES NORWOOD.

June 12th '76. Hillsboro.

School Committees.

THE School Committees are requested to take the Census of the Children in their Townships and return the same to the Board of Commissioners on or before the 1st Monday in August 1876, to enable them to proportion the School fund. In case of a failure to make the census, the proportionment cannot be made.

JOHN LAWS,
July 1876. Clerk.

STEAM

Wool Carding Machine.

MY Steam Carding Machine, one mile and a half East of CEDAR GROVE, is now in splendid order, and ready to execute all work offered in first rate style and at the shortest notice

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

White Wool Eight cents per pound in the rolls.
Mixed " Twelve and a half if carded but once
If cross carded, fifteen cents.

If tolled, one fifth will be charged.

N. B. Wool should be well washed and picked. My past work will be a guarantee that what ever I do will be well done.

I am selling rolls at 55 cents per pound.

ALEX. WILKERSON.

Cedar Grove July 5th.

Dr. D. A. Robertson.

Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Tuesday of every month. And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war.

Orders left with Charles M. Parks will be promptly attended to. March 4 1y.

PEPPER'S WHITE FRONT.

The subscriber hereby gives notice to his old friends and customers that the

WHITE FRONT

continues to offer its usual attractions, making it the most popular resort in the city of Raleigh.

The OYSTER SEASON is just opened.

Oysters will be served in all styles and at all hours. All other delicacies of the season will be furnished.

The best of LIQUORS and WINES and LAGER BEER.

Call at the White Front.

sept. 15,3m W. R. PEPPER.

Nat. L. Brown,

RALEIGH, N. C.

DEALER in Kinds of *Musical Instruments, Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars, Banjos,* CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.

BASKETS, Baskets, the largest assortment in the State.

Also General Agent for the celebrated ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS. Best for Churches, best for Schools, best for the Home Circles, best Everywhere. You can save money time and freight by purchasing from NAT L BROWN Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Raleigh, an 30. tf. N. C.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The 85th Session will begin on FRIDAY, JULY 14th and close on THURSDAY DECEMBER 7th.

Besides three courses of study arranged by the Faculty, an Optional course admits a large range of choice.

The necessary expenses, exclusive of clothing and traveling, vary from $90 to $130 for the session.

For Catalogue, &c., apply to

KEMP P. BATTLE, President.

Or GEO. T. WINSTON,
Secretary.

June 28th tf. Chapel Hill, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING this day qualified as Administrator on the estate of Reuben Miller, deceased, we hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the said estate to make immediate payment, and to those having claims to present them to us properly authenticated within one year from this date, or we will plead this notice in bar of any recovery from us as Administrators of said estate.

June 19th 1876.

JOHN K. HUGHES,
SAM. P. KIRKPATRICK.
June 14. Executors.

HILLSBORO MILITARY ACADEMY.

HILLSBORO, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this CLASSICAL & MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL, will open *July 31st.* Students thoroughly prepared for any College or University. For circulars apply to the Principals.

HAMILTON & MORSON.

June 14. tf.

The Hillsborough Recorder

WEDNESDAY.....AUGUST 4 1876.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the RECORDER for 1874.

For 1 year, $1·50.
" 6 months, 75.

Payments always in advance.

Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

Agents for the Recorder.

Mr. A. J. Roberts is our authorized agent, at Mangum's Store, and will receipt for all subscriptions and attend to other business for the paper.

Messrs. Richmond and Cooper are our authorized agents at Hurdle's Mill, Person County.

Mr. Mitchell McDade is our authorized agent at Cedar Grove.

And our friends every where are requested to act as our agents to increase the circulation of the RECORDER according to the low rates, which appear below.

TERMS OF THE RECORDER.

The RECORDER is offered to the public at the regular rate of

For one year	1.50.
" six months	75

And for the campaign of four months or until the first of December, 50.

Orders must be accompanied with the cash.

Rain.

A copious and we judge from appearances, a general rain fell through a greater part of Saturday night continuing for several hours. Much good must come from it, though there is much in the crops that is past mending.

Personal.

Mr. Hslcott Anderson of Pensacola, Fla son of the late Hon. Walker Anderson formerly of this place, is now on a visit to his relatives in Hillsboro.

Major John W. Hughes of Newbern is also here. His family are spending the summer here.

Mr. Jos. B. Cheshire is also on a visit to Hillsboro.

Barbecues.

Let the people of Orange make ready to have some of their old time political rousers in the shape of barbecues. Not for factitious excitement but that everybody may come together to hear a full discussion of the vital questions of the day. Let the Executive Committee, of the county, and the Township Committee, go to work, and prepare for these barbecues at Hillsboro, Durham, Mangums, Cedar Grove, at one or all places, and secure the presence of Vance, Fowle, Leach and the other giants in the field. They will all come We must have them and hear them.

Absence from home during the past week had prevented us from fixing up any little items of interest if any such exist, about town.

Put down the Democrats of Orange County as a unit, and a big one for Constitutional amendments. All think alike and will act alike on this question.

Mr. Peter McConnell has just returned from a brief visit to western Pennsylvania whether he went with the expectation of inducing some immigration to Orange. His visit encouraged him.

See change in Schedule of North Carolina R. R. on fourth page.

We regret we were not at home last week to welcome Brother Wilson of the Masonic Journal to our sanctum. He did us the honor to call. We hope he was successful in the main object of his visit to Hillsboro, which we presume was in the interest of his excellent journal.

We were at the same time favored with a call from Mr. C. W. Jones Gen'l agent of the Singer manf'g Co; and correspondent of the Raleigh News. It would have given us much pleasure to have seen both these gentlemen.

Accident.

We learn with regret that the horse of Dr. T. J. Wilson fell with him on the street on Wednesday last and bruised and crushed him very painfully. He was assisted to his residence where he was confined for some days from injuries, but is now able to be out again.

A Neat Job.

One of a party of serenaders here some time since laid his violin on the ground, and fell on it, and in moving about, "put his foot into it." It was a valuable instrument and the owner was dismayed at the ruin. He was about sending it to New York for repair, when Mr. C. S. Cooley saw it, and asserted that he could restore it. He took it, and we saw it on Saturday, as good as new, and as pretty a piece of work as we ever saw. The thousand fragments were all recalled and the tone is unimpaired. It was something not in Mr. Cooley's line, and reflects credit upon his skill and ingenuity. What he has done once he can do again, and those who need such like mishaps will know where to find a remedy.

THE CAMPAIGN

Opened on Tuesday last at Orange Factory, Messrs. Graham for the Senate, and Parish and Hughes for the House, being present. The two former gentlemen addressed the small audience present on the issues of the day with fine effect. Mr. Strayhorn, republican elector, represented his party on this occasion, in a well worded and pleasantly delivered, but most inconsequential speech. Mr Parish replied to him, and so completely refuted him that he retired from the field in good order, to appear again three days after at Cedar Grove, but with the same speech.

Josiah Turner jr interjected himself into the campaign at this point, with what purpose it was difficult to conjecture. He disclaimed being a candidate for any office, and was particular to enforce upon his hearers the impression that he was no radical. That his presence in the campaign meant no good to the democratic cause was fully developed at Hall's Store where he intimated the justice and importance of calling another Convention of the people of the county to ascertain who they would prefer to select as candidate for Senator. Considering that Mr. Turner was not a candidate before the Convention in May; that a short time subsequent to that Convention he declared himself an Independent candidate for Governor; that at Mangum's Store he said that the announcement made by the Raleigh papers that he had withdrawn from the candidacy was altogether unauthorized, and that future circumstances must determine whether he was still a candidate or not; that the understanding between Messrs. Graham and Parish the rival candidates for the Senate is perfectly sincere; and that there was no strife to be composed by the substitution of Mr. Turner, as a candidate, this effort on his part to disarrange the campaign can only find parallel in the general conduct of the gentleman. He speaks round the campaign, but to the credit of the people of the county, with so little effect upon their loyalty to their party, that we do not consider it necessary to give more attention at present to the subject.

At Mangum's Store, Col. John W. Cunningham, the candidate for the Senate for Person and Caswell appeared, and there and at Halls and Cedar Grove, made most excellent and satisfactory speeches, his efforts being directed mainly to an explanation of the late Constitutional Convention, and the enforcement of the necessity of sustaining its work. We are happy to say, that we did not hear a word of opposition to the Amendments by Democrats, who will vote for them all in their entirety with enthusiasm. It is made a party question by the Republicans, and they alone will oppose the Amendments, not as a unit however, for we hear of many Republicans who will vote for them.

The campaign of last week developed the fact that the Democrats of Orange are united more closely than they have been for some time, and that they will be thoroughly roused, and give their full vote in November The presence of Vance alone is wanted to rouse them to enthusiasm. So far there has been nothing to call out the full efforts of our candidates. They have had no opposition, and the excitement of conflict is wanting. All the gentlemen have acquitted themselves handsomely. Major Graham has gained most decidedly in strength, and the little dissatisfaction that attended the result of the County Convention has disappeared wherever he has spoken.

The campaign goes on this week, beginning at White Cross on Tuesday, and embracing Chapel Hill, Patterson's Mill, Durham and Hillsboro in succession.

An Old Plough.

In the year of 1816, the father of the present editor of the Recorder, then on a visit to Scotland, purchased a cast iron plough which he sent as a present to his brother, Judge Duncan Cameron, such ploughs being then a novelty in the South, if not in the United States. That plough is still in use, on the Fairntosh plantation where it was originally sent, and has been used for sixty consecutive years. Mr. George Collins, who has it now in possession showed to us in use and says it does better work than any plough on the plantation. It is of a pattern somewhat similar to the Canadian ploughs introduced into this county several years ago, heavy, and requiring not less than two horses and running deep and pulverizing thoroughly, without reversing, the soil. We venture to say that this is the oldest plough in use in the United States.

Orange Factory.

Within a few months past this factory has added twenty one looms to its machinery and is preparing to add as many more. Hitherto it has made only yarns. Now it is making very handsome plaids ginghams and ticks, probably equal to any made in the State. Under the intelligent management of Mr. S. G. Holman, the operations of the factory are very successful. To Mr. Holman the little village which has sprung up around the factory owes its healthy moral atmosphere. Churches and Sabbath Schools have been cherished as the best conservators of virtue, and we are glad to say that the operatives so far from being the subjects of a very common reproach, are exemplary models of character.

We were shown a parcel of Irish potatoe cuttings, which, after having produced a crop, present exactly the appearance they had when they were put in the ground in March last.

The Crops.

A tour through the Eastern and Northern sections of the county together with conversations with many of the most intelligent farmers of Orange, Person and Caswell enables us to give reliable information in regard to the crops of tobacco and corn, the only great crop cultivated on the north side of the rail road cotton being the staple of the South side. Some cotton however is cultivated on the north side, and what we saw is exceptionally fine. That on the Fairntosh place would do honor to Mississippi both in growth and fruitfulness.

TOBACCO,

Without exception, all planters speak of the crop in dispairing notes. The quantity planted is less than a fourth of of the average crop, and in a ride of upwards of fifty miles we saw but three fields of the plant where we have before seen fifty. But tobacco is not always planted in sight of the road. In quality, all agree that the forward plants are a failure. They have "buttoned," that is, have made flower buds, and are beyond redemption. The leaf is small and narrow and no future amount of rain will improve them. The forward tobacco is always held in greater favor by the planter than the later planted because it cures better and is heavier. Later plants may do well, if there is rain in the future.

The larger planting districts of Person and Caswell as well as of Orange alike suffer, and the crop of this year will be both small and inferior. We find much of the old crop on hand, and this will prove the chief source of revenue for this year.

CORN.

In some portions of the county, the crop is fair. Along the Oxford road, and on Flat and Eno rivers at and below Stagville, there is little complaint. Above Stagville, and running west as farm the Alamance line, and north through Person and Caswell nearly to Dan River there are large areas of total failure. In many instances the early corn is already lost. No amount of rain can save it. About Prospect Hill and through that section, farmers will have to buy corn. The prospect is a gloomy one, and though we apprehend no actual suffering the loss of a breadstuff crop added to the great diminution of the money crop of tobacco will add a sharper sting to the already keen pang of hard times.

WHEAT AND OATS.

Of the latter, there was about half a crop. Of the former the yield varies in different neighborhoods, the average in some running up as high as ten bushels to the acre, in others falling as low as five. The quality of all is unequalled in this section.

Vegetables are burned up, and there are no fruit except the crop of black berries, and a partial crop of apples.

Altogether it is a hard year for the farmer

MEETING OF ORANGE COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of Orange County held at Hillsboro on the 6th, day of July 1876, the following Executive Committee were appointed for the various townships:

Cedar Grove Township—John Knox Hughes, Wm. H. Jordan, David Thompson, Allen Compton, Jas. A. Smith.

Mangum Township—Addison Mangum, Duncan Cameron, Samuel H. Johnson, W. K. Parrish, Andrew J. Roberts.

Patterson Township—Wm. N. Patterson, Wesley Leigh, A. B. Couch, Lee Hurst, A. D. Markham.

Bingham Township—S. S. Webb, Weldon Stroud, A. P. Cates, Thomas P. Bradshaw, Thos. J. Oldham.

Little River Township—Dr. James F. Cain, Charles R. Wilson, John P. Lockhart Samuel H. Jordan, Lambert W. Hall.

Durham Township—M. A. Angier, J. R. Blacknall, James Lyon, Moses McDown, J. E. Lyon.

Chapel Hill Township—J. R. Hutchins, Chas. W. Johnson, John Klag, Luther J. Weaver, Wm. Strain.

Hillsboro Township.—Jos. C. Webb, Geo W. Tate, James J. Pratt, Dudley M. Laws, Halcott P. Jones.

The above appointments hold good until a new Central Executive Committee is appointed.

A. W. GRAHAM, A. M. LEATHERS, J. M. ALEXANDER, C. B. GREEN, MATTHEW ATWATER, Executive Committee of Orange County.

Southern Planter and Farmer for July has been received, but a notice of it has been unavoidably delayed. We regard it as one of the best agricultural journals that is laid on our table, because it deals so practically with realities. There is nothing in it that the sound judgment of the practical farmer will not approve. The experience of the most successful cultivation of the staple crops of this section is laid before the reader so plainly and intelligently that many a valuable lesson can be drawn from its pages.

Several well written articles we are tempted to reproduce, such for instance as the pleasant sketch of "Westover on the James" illustrative of the pleasures of rural life, and also the sketch of Major. Sutherlin's plantation near Danville, showing how farming may be made profitable. We will publish them when patties are less exacting.

The Planter and Farmer is published at Richmond Va, by L. R. Dickinson, at $2.00 per year.

Prof. Moorman, resident Physician White Sulpher Springs. 'The best remedy I have ever used for Dyspepsia and indigestion is 'Dr. Wade's' Liver Corrector,

For the Recorder.

A SHOT.

Pine Knot ticks I do disdain,
I never liked that Poet's name,
Nor nothing of his kind or sort,
To be very deep he's most too short,
But now I'm in just like a pot
To *cry down* Poets from Pine-Knot.

He loves to swim—but in a boat,
He loves Jno. Knox and also shout,
He never likes to see a man,
On 'lection day down in the sand,
Without his shoes—without his socks,
A yelling, Calvin plus Jno. Knox.

He loves old Orange and her name,
He loves for her to claim his fame,
The fame that he has almost won,
Is grand, grand, tho' 'tis just begun,
And *lo! behold!* his great big vox,
Saying vote for Calvin and Jno. Knox.

Let others write just as they may,
But I will write till I am grey,
Before I'll see a heartless wag,
Go 'round with his infernal brag,
And every *nig* tho' black as nox,
Knows he's a self conceited fox,
He is the one we ought to have,
The public money he would crave,
And he is one I doubtless say,
Who'll rend this foolishness some day,
And then I'll take some nails an rocks,
And nail him up in a dry-good's box.

A GUN.

Sympathy is that quality of the human heart that gives a kindly bias to men's actions. Without it this world would be poor indeed, and human nature would be destitute of one of its most beautiful attributes. Remove sympathy from the human breast, and there is a vacuum created only to be exceeded in size by that produced by the removal of a "Light-Running Domestic" from the midst of a family where it has been for years. Get a "Domestic."

THE GRAND SECRET OF BEAUTY.

Health. The secret of health is the power to eat, digest and assimilate a proper quantity of wholesome, nutritious food. This can never be done when the liver does not act its part. It is the great driving wheel in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole organization becomes deranged, and fever, dyspepsia, sick headache, constipation, jaundice, bilious colic, kidney disease and general debility ensues. To restore the normal functions of the liver and impart that beauty, which always attends a healthy, robust constitution. DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS are conscientiously recommended. They are designed solely for the disordered liver and the disease which it produces. They are no a cure-all, but in the cases mentioned they rarely ever fail to effect a cure.

The Cedar Grove Centennial.

We had intended a full account of this occasion, but not getting full details until Monday morning we find our space preoccupied. We were present on the first day, but the proceedings were continued for three days. We can only say here that they were highly interesting and very largely attended by the citizens of four counties. In our next we will give full details.

A REPORTED TRAGEDY.

We learn that an involuntary suicide took place in Alamance County last week under the following circumstances:

A Dr. Hooper a dentist, living in the Northern part of the county, went to the breakfast table prepared to poison his wife, from what reasons we have not learned. They were seated alone at the table. After pouring out the coffee Mrs. Hooper was dispatched out of the room on some pretext. In her absence her husband poured into her cup a deadly mixture. She returned, and it happened that the Doctor himself was called from the room for a moment. In his absence, a fly fell into his cup. Mrs. Hooper, wife-like, exchanged cups. The Dr. returned, and drank his coffee almost at one swallow. He at once detected the singular taste of the beverage, and asked his wife if she had changed cups? She replied that she had, giving the reason for it? He exclaimed. "Then I am a dead man," and in a few minutes was a corpse.

This we learn from a gentleman who has just returned from a visit to Graham.

STATE NEWS.

Gov. Vance has promised to speak twice more in Wake county before the close of the campaign.

The Robesonian says: Our friends of the Democratic party at Bladensboro will have a grand rally on Saturday, the 5th day of August, when they will raise a Tilden and Vance pole and unfurl the advancing banner of Reform. Eminent speakers are expected to be present and everbody is invited to attend.

Col. E. B. Withers, of Yanceyville, Caswell county, too good a citizen to lose, is about to move to Danville, Va.

The Raleigh Sentinel says Judge Kerr has applied to the Governor for permission to make a partial change of circuits with Judge Cloud for the fall term. The application is made on the ground that Judge Kerr was counsel in a number of cases that will come up this fall in Caswell and other counties of his circuit for adjudication. The exchange will be made.

Raleigh Sentinel: In spite of Governor Brogden's efforts at secrecy, it has leaked out that he has appointed John Pool, of Pasquotank county, ex-U. S. Senator and ex-advisor of ex-Governor Holden to employ pirates to murder the late Hon. W. A. Graham and other prominent men in this State, to fill the vacancy in the office of Superintendent of public Instruction, and he has accepted. McLindsay to the front.

FLOUR, BACON AND FRUIT

All kinds of County Produce.

Flour, Meal, Bacon, Dryed Fruits, received on Sale at small Commission. Those wishing to turn Produce into GOLD will do well to give us a Call. In Store.

GROCERIES,

Hats, Hardware, Crokery, Notions and North Carolina Shoes, for Sale as low as the low as the lowest. At FARMERS' HALL,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

July 31 '76. **CLAUD W. BROWN.**

Wright Hooker had the sensible energy to accompany the candidates around the campaign with a portable soda font, and no doubt made a good thing of the novelty judging from the crowd that always thronged his table. Better by far than the traditional whiskey wagon which always brought about trouble.

THE PEOPLE WANT PROOF

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as ROSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by Dr. O. Hooker Druggist.

GRANGE PLOUGHS.

Dr. T. J. Wilson, agent for the Grangers, is prepared to furnish the celebrated Watt Ploughs at cost, with freight added. Points always on hand. Farmers will take notice, as now is time to be supplied.

WOODLAND HOME

FOR SALE.

THIS is one of the most desirable small Farms in Orange County. It lies in the right place, on Eno River, above Hillsboro on the High Rock road leading from Hillsboro to High Rock, one fourth of a mile from Hall and Taylor's Mill, and near Fairfield Church, and contains one hundred and thirty, or one hundred and fifty acres, as may be agreed.

For terms apply to

J. NEWTON CLARKE.

July 19 tf.

TALBOTT & SONS,

(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)

Shockoe Machine Works,

CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,
RICHMOND, VA.

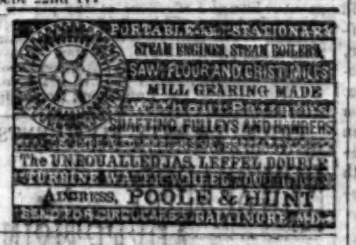
MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

STEAM ENGINES.

CIRCULAR Saw and Grist Mills; Hydraulic Presses, and all kinds of Tobacco Fixtures, Wrought Iron Works, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description, &c.

Sent 22nd ly.



ESTABLISHED 1816.

CHAS. SIMON & SONS,

63 North Howard St. BALTIMORE MD

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

Would call special attention to their extensive Stock of Dress Goods, Linen Goods, Embroideries, Laces and Hosiery, the best assortment of Mourning Goods in the city.

SAMPLES SENT FREE!

All orders amounting to $20.00 or over, will be sent free of freight charges by Express, but parties whose orders are not accompanied by the money, and having their goods sent C. O. D., must pay for return of the money.

Feb. 22 ly.

BERRY'S
Wool Carding Machine.

WE would respectfully inform our numerous customers that our Machines will be in splendid order by the 20th of May, and under the admirable management of Mr. W. C. Brown will doubtless maintain their well established character, of doing the best work in the State.

Our Burring Machine render the picking of wool by hand unnecessary and thereby saves a troublesome job to our customers.

Wool left with Kirkland & Co., James Webb, jr., or sent by Express to me at Hillsboro, will be carried free of charge to and from the place of deposit.

TERMS, 10 cents for whites 12½ cents for mixed wool or one fifth of the wool.

Orders for Horse Powers, Circular Saw Mills and Mill Gearing generally solicited.

Tobacco box plank always on hand.

JOHN BERRY.

June 28. tf. Hillsboro, N. C.

25. THE GREAT SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF THE STATE IS LEVY BRO'S. DRY GOODS STORE.

Millions of dollars have been saved through the low prices which they offer their goods at.

Consumers of Dry Goods should remember that LEVY BROTHERS' have done more to keep down the prices of GOODS than the combined efforts of all other stores.

They now offer—

Handsome Grenadines, with silk flowers, at 12½ cents per yard worth 25c.;
Black Grenadines at 12, 16⅔, 25, 30c. and up to the best manufactured, all at extremely low prices;
White and Colored Mexican Grenadines at 35 and 40c. per yard worth 50 and 60c.;
Wash Poplins at 10, 12½c. per yard worth 12½, 16⅔ and 25c;
Ginghams at 10, 12½ and 16⅔c. per yard worth 12½, 16⅔ and 25c.;
Lace-Striped Muslin at 16⅔c. per yard worth 50c.;
White Corded Pique, 29 inches wide, at 12½c., worth 25c. per yard;
White Rail, and Ecru Pique at 16⅔c. worth 35c per yard;
Black Alpaccas at 25, 30, 35c. and up to the best manufactured, all to be sold at extraordinarily low prices;
Victoria Lawn at 12½, 16⅔, 20 and 25c per yard—the best ever offered at these prices;
Swiss Muslin at 10, 12½, 15, 16⅔c, and up to 50c. per yard—the cheapest ever offered;
White and Colored Tarletans at all prices—some very low priced for covering picture-frames, gas-fixtures, &c.;
Hamburgh Net for Overskirts in all qualities;
Nottingham Lace Curtains at—a set for two windows;
Nottingham Laces for curtains at 15, 20, 25, 30c and up to $1 per yard—all very much below regular prices;
Marseilles Quilts at $3 and 4,50, reduced from $5 and $8;
Honey Comb Quilts, the largest size, at 85c. worth $1,50;
Crochet Quilts at $1,25 and $1,50 worth $2 and $3;
Window Shades of the latest styles at the lowest prices ever offered;
Curtain Cornices, Loops and Bands, in great variety;

READY MADE SUITS FOR LADIES.

The largest assortment ever offered (we are now supplied by five of the largest manufactories in New York);
Table Cloths, pure linen, two yards long, at $1 worth $1,50;
Table Damask, all pure linen, at 50, 60, 75c, $1 and $1,25 per yard—excellent goods for the price;
Fringed Napkins at 60c, 70c., $1 and $1,25 per dozen worth $1, 1,25 and 1,50;
Huckaback Towels at $1,25 1,50, 1,75, $2 and up to $3 per dozen;
Large Napkins at $1, 1,25, 1,50 and up to $6 per dozen—best goods ever offered for the money;
Linen Sheeting in all widths and qualities at bottom prices;
Sash Ribbons in great variety—all styles and qualities—from 20c. to $1,50 per yard;
Taffeta and Gros-Grain Ribbons, in all widths, colors and qualities;
Hamburgh Edgings and Insertings at 10, 15, 20, 25c and up to $5 per yard—in these goods you can make a saving of 50 per cent;
Pure Linen Handkerchiefs at 75c., $1. 1.25 and 1,50 per dozen—positive bargains;
Fans in great variety; also, a full assortment of FAN-CHAINS;
High Back Combs—the best assortment yet offered—from 20c. up to $1,25;
Wide Black Leather Belts of the latest styles;
Colgate's Soaps, Toilet Waters, Toilet Powder and Handkerchief Extracts;
Silk and Lace Ties and Scarfs in great variety, from the lowest prices up to the best manufactured;
Cotton Diaper at $1, 1,25 and $1,50 for a piece of ten yards worth $1,25, 1,75 and $2;
GENTLEMEN will find a full assortment of *Shirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Collars, Socks, Gloves, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Shirt-Studs, Sleeve and Collar Buttons and other furnishing Goods.*
White and Colored Lisle-Thread and Silk Gloves in all qualities;
Hosiery for men, women and children in great variety;
Linen Collars and Cuffs for Ladies and gentlemen—some new styles;
Muslin Neck Ruffles at 20, 30, 35 and 40c. per dozen worth double the money;
White and Red Check Matting at 5, 30, 35 40, 45 and 50c. per yard;
Table Oil Cloths, in great variety at reduced prices;
Satchels, Trunks, Valises, Lunch Baskets, and Shawl Straps;
Gentlemen Dress Shirts, of our own manufacture, made of Wamsutta Cotton and pure Irish Linen, at $1 and 1,25 each—the former price is without buttons and button holes, the latter is completely finished; has only to be laundried before wearing;
Good Note Paper at 5c. per ream; Envelopes at 50c, a box 5, 45c;
Note Paper and Envelopes in Boxes at 15c, 20c., 25 and 50c a box.

Thousands of other bargains. Prompt attention give to orders. We have but one price, and that the lowest, and sell for cash only.

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
july 5. RICHMOND, VA.

John H. Tyler & Co,

Successors to
MITCHELL AND TYLER.
1005 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware.

GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.

WATCHES REPAIRED in the best manner.

HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Orders by mail or otherwise.

Sept. 21 ly.

Dr. M. C. Cameron,
Dentist.

OFFICE over Hooker's Drug Store, where he can be found at all times, except when absent Professionally.

May 3. 1y.

SELECT

Boarding and Day School.

HILLSBORO, N. C.

THE Thirty-Fifth session of the Misses Nash and Miss Kollock's, School will open on Friday, 4th, August 1876.

Board and Tuition reduced to $105

☞ Circulars sent on application.

July 3. 1m.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY..... AUGUST 2. 1876.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $1 50 per annum, or 75c. for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

THERE BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 2 months $5—6 months $9—12 months $15
¼ " 2 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
½ " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $30—6 mo. $50—12 mo. $85
Column 3 months $50—6 mo. $75—12 mo. $100

ORCHARD GRASS.

Flowers in dense clusters. Its stem is erect, and grows three feet, and in good soil has been known to grow as high as five feet. Root perennial. Flowers in June and July. This is one of the most valuable and widely known of all the pasture grasses. It is exceedingly palatable to stock of all kinds. Its rapidity of growth, the luxuriance of its aftermath, and its power to endure the cropping of cattle, commend it highly to the farmer's care, especially as a pasture grass, as it blossoms earlier than timothy, and about the time of red clover; it makes an admirable mixture with the latter plant to cut in the blossom and cure for hay. As a pasture grass it should be fed close, both to prevent its forming thick tufts, and to prevent its running to seed, when it loses a large proportion of its nutritive matter, and becomes hard and wiry.

All kinds of stock eat it greedily when green. It grows remarkably quick when cropped by cattle—five or six days in summer sufficing to give a good bite. Its good properties more particularly consist in its early and rapid growth and its resistance to drought, but all agree that it should be chopped close. Sheep will pass over every other grass to feed upon it. If suffered to grow long without being chopped, it becomes coarse and harsh. It is suitable to all arable soils. Two bushels of seed are requisite for one acre when sown alone, one-half this quantity when sown with clover. The seeds are very light, weighing fourteen pounds to the bushel. It should be cut early for hay. When grazed down, and the stock turned off, it will be ready for regrazing in less than half the time required for Kentucky Blue Grass.

In summer it will grow more in a day than blue grass will in a week. Orchard grass is naturally disposed to form and grow in tussocks. The best preventive is a good preparation of the ground, and a sufficiency of seed uniformly sown. It is less exhaustive to the soil than timothy. It will endure considerable shade. In a perous subsoil its fibrous roots extend to a great depth. Its habits of growth unfits it for a lawn grass.

GREEN CROPS FOR FERTILIZERS.

"Nature gives us three plants peculiarly adapted for fertilizing worn-out lands, viz: Peas, clover and buckwheat; of these clover is most used, and is best known, but as a crop, on very badly used land, it is hardly equal to either peas or buckwheat. Peas will do better on poorer land than either of the others, and can be followed the second season most profitably by buckwheat, after which clover will thrive well.

"The best way to utilize either peas or buckwheat is to sow broadcast in June, and turn under, with a large two or three horse plow, the vines or stalks when in full bloom, and just before the maturity of the seed begins. In this way all the phosphorus nitrogen and carbonic acid, which the plants have gathered from the atmosphere, is absorbed by the loosed soil, which thereby obtains a bountiful supply of phosphate food for all kinds of cereals.

"Lands that are too thin to produce good crop of peas or buckwheat, can be first treated to a crop of rye, which should be sown in the early fall, and turned under, with a large plow, in the green state, in May following. This fits it for the reception of either peas or buckwheat in June.

"In case the peas or buckwheat can be sown in May, two crops can be utilized in one year by allowing the first crop to become ripe and then turn them under with small plows, and do the same with the second crop, only use large plows just before the frost of October.

"A great benefit will be derived from sowing broadcast over either peas, rye or buckwheat, a compost of ashes and land-plaster, consisting of seventy-five to one hundred pounds of the latter, and three to five times as much of the former, per acre. Old, worn-out lands, with a good clay subsoil, treated in this way for two years, pay better than any investment a farmer—it is better than lending his money at twenty-five per cent. interest."

SALTING DAIRY COWS.

I would say that, until five or six years ago, I had the old-fashioned idea that to throw them a handful of salt once a week along a path in the pasture was all they required. About that time my attention was called to the fact that once a week, for a couple of days after salting, there was an increas in the quantity of milk. Acting on this suggestion, I tried salting twice a week, and found a decided improvement. I then thought that if twice a week was good, perhaps every other day would be better. Here again my attention was called to the fact that on the days they were salted they gave more than on the other days. I milk some eight or ten of my cows myself, so that I note these things more closely than I otherwise would. I therefore concluded to try it every day, and liked the result, and noticed that when they missed their salt there would be a decrease in the milk. When salted very small amount will do, say a tablespoonful just before they are turned out of the stable in the morning. tried salting in the evening in the stable, but found that had a tendency to shrink the flow of milk; so, after several trials, I gave that up. In trying the above experiments it was not for a period of a few days or weeks, but of a year or two.

Another thing: I find that the corn I feed my cows (which I grind and rescald to mash) if it is salted will decrease the per-centage of cream, all other feed being just the same. The reason, I presume, is that the salt in this case has a tendency to run more to fat than to the production of milk.—*W. S. Nivins.*

It was rather annoying, to say the least, when the new clerk of a Boston merchant, who had just been initiated into the mysteries of the trade mark, inquired in a loud voice, as a customer demurred to the price, 'What shall I sell this for? It is marked $4.50 and cost 50 cents.'

SOLID WEALTH!

$600,000 in GIFTS.

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public!

A FORTUNE FOR ONLY $12.

THE **Kentucky**

CASH DISTRIBUTION COMPANY

authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature for the benefit of the PUBLIC SCHOOLS of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at MAJOR HALL, in the City of Frankfort Ky., on

Thursday August 31st, 1876,

on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

Thos. P. Porter, Ex-Gov. Ky. Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT!

LIST OF GIFTS:

1 Grand cash gift		$100,000
1 Grand cash gift		50,000
1 Grand cash gift		25,000
1 Grand cash gift		20,000
1 Grand cash gift		10,000
1 Grand cash gift		5,000
50 cash gifts of	$1,000	50,000
100 cash gifts of	500 each	50,000
100 cash gifts of	400 each	40,000
100 cash gifts of	300 each	30,000
200 cash gifts of	200 each	40,000
600 cash gifts of	100 each	60,000
10,000 cash gifts of	12 each	120,000
Total, 11,156 gifts, All cash		600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS:

Whole tickets, $12; Halves, $6; Quarters $3; 9 Tickets, $100; 27¼ Tickets $300; 46¾ Tickets, $500; 95¾ Tickets, $1,000 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Remittances can be made by Express, Draft, Post Office Money order or Registered Letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with this distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to HON. THOS. P. PORTER, General Manager. Frankfort Ky.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

TOBACCO HABIT CURED

I will send a prescription (can be obtained at any drug store) that will speedily cure and warranted to entirely eradicate the desire for Tobacco. No humbug. Send for testimonials. Prescription with sample, 50 cts. Address O. S. JUDD, Spencerville, O.

$77 PER WEEK guaranteed to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT Free. Address P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. GEO STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

Psychomancy, Or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This art all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, etc, 1,000,000 sold. A queer book. Address T WILLIAM & Co. Publishers, Philadelphia.

PRICE, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING,

ONE HUNDRED AND FOURTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion and other special class journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 300 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay upon advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know. Address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

NEWSPAPERS OF THE

UNITED STATES.

A complete list of American Newspapers numbering more than eight thousand, with a Gazetteer of all the towns and cities in which they are published: Historical and Statistical Sketches of the Great Newspaper Establishments; illustrated with numerous engravings of the principal Newspaper Buildings. Book of 300 pages, just issued. Mailed, post paid, to any address for 25 cents. Apply (inclosing price) to Superintendent of the Newspaper PAVILION, Centennial Grounds, Philadelphia, or American News Co. New York.

☞ Every Advertiser Needs it.

"CEISER."

Thresher, Cleaner and Bagger!

H M SMITH & CO.

RICHMOND, VA.,

GENERAL AGENTS.

WE offer this Machine as the Fatest Thresher and the Cleanest Cleaner now in the market.

For WHEAT and OATS it cannot be excelled. No farmer should buy a Thresher until they have written us or called upon some of our Agents for a Catalogue and Price List of the "CEISER."

We have also in stock the latest and best

Reapers and Mowers,
Wheel Rakes,
Hay-Tedders,
Horse Powers,
Wheat Fans, &c.

☞ All Letters of Inquiry promptly answered.

H. M. SMITH & CO.,
June 7. Richmond, Va.

AMERICAN AND

Foreign Patents.

GILMORE & CO., Successors to Chipner & Hosmer & Co., Solicitors. Patents procured in all countries. No FEES in Advance. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. By a recent decision of the Commissioner ALL rejected applications may be revived. Special attention given to Interference Cases before the Patent Office, Extensions before Congress, Infringement Suits in different States, and all litigation appearing to Inventions or Patents. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., for pamphlet of 60 pages

Land Cases, Land Warrants, and Scrip.

Contested Land Cases prosecuted before the U. S. General Land Office and Department of the Interior. Private Land Claims, Mining and Pre-Emption Claims and Homestead cases attended to. Land Scrip is assignable, and can be located in the name of the purchaser upon any Government land subject to private entry, at 1.25 per acre. It is of equal value with Bounty and warrants. Send stamp to Gilmore & co., for pamphlet of Instruction.

Arrears of Pay and Bounty.

Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & co., and a full reply, after examination; will be given you free.

PENSIONS.

All Officers, Soldiers and Sailors wounded, ruptured, or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Cases prosecuted by GILMORE & Co. before the Supreme Court of the United States, Court of Claims, and the Southern Claims Commission.

Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under charge of the most experienced parties employed by the old firm. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to GILMORE & Co. is thus secured. We desire to win success by deserving it.

Address GILMORE & CO.
629 F St., Washington, D. C.

1846. THIRTIETH YEAR. 1876.

THE

HOME JOURNAL,

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

"The Best Literary and Society Paper in America."

Its leading departments comprise Editorials on topics of fresh interest; Brilliant Romances and Portraitures of American Life; Editorial Reviews of new events in the world of Belles-Lettres, Painting, Sculpture, Science, Music, and the Drama; Original Essays; Ample Excerpts from the best European Writers, Spicy Letters from Correspondents in all the great Capitals of the World; copious Extracts from New Books; and racy accounts of sayings, happenings and doings in the Beau Monde; embracing the very freshest matters of interest in this country and in Europe—the whole completely mirroring the wit and wisdom, the humor and pathos, the news and sparkling gossip of the times.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Subscribers will receive The Home Journal for 1875

FREE OF POSTAGE.

The Home Journal alone, one year,	$3.
3 copies, one year,	$8.
6 " " "	$10.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

The Home Journal and any $4 periodical either Harper's Magazine, Harper's Weekly, Harper's Bazar, Atlantic Monthly, Scribner's Monthly, The Galaxy, Lippincott's Magazine, Appleton's Journal, Frank Leslie's Ladies Journal, Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, Blackwood's Magazine, Westminister Review, or any of the English Quarterlies republished here will be sent for $5. 25 the full price being 7. St. Nicholas for $4. 50; full rates 6 00. Littell's Living Age for $8 75: full price, $11.

Subscriptions will take date immediately, or at any time subscribers prefer. Address the proprietors and publishers,

MORRIS PHILLIPS & CO.,
No. 2 Park Place, New York.

SAM C. ROBERTSON. W. E. WILSON.

ROBERTSON & WILSON,

DEALERS IN

American & Italian Marble

Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, etc,

Oct. 6. GREENSBORO, N. C.

PATENTS

Obtained, Best and Cheapest, by

Louis Bagger, & Co.,

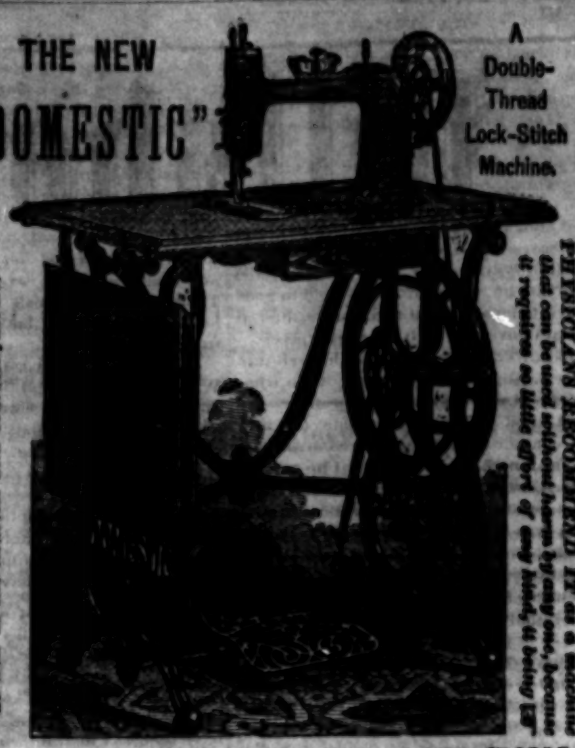
Solicitors of Patents,

Offices, Federal Buildings,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ Send stamp for printed pamphlet, containing complete instructions how to obtain Patents. July 21.

THE NEW "DOMESTIC"



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Condensed Time Table, in effect on and after Sunday, July 16th, 1876.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS
Leave Charlotte	5.35 A M	2.35 P M
" Air Line Junc'n	6.12 "	3.09 "
" Salisbury	8.20 "	4.49 "
" Greensboro	10.38 "	6.47 "
" Danville	1.30 P M	9.54 "
" Dundee	1.49 "	10.03 "
" Burkeville	2.49 "	11.05 P M
Ar. at Richmond	3.30 "	5.10 "

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS
Leave Richmond,	3.00 A M.	1.10 P. M.
" Burkville	3.50 "	2.04 "
" Dundee,	4.39 P M	3.07 "
" Danville	7.43 "	6.10 "
" Greensboro	4.35 "	10.35 "
" Salisbury,	7.01 "	12.32 A M
" Air-Line Jctn.	8.02 "	1.29 "
Ar. at Charlotte.	9.00 "	2.42 "

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.
STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	10.55 a. m.	Arr. 4 10 pm
" Co. Shops	12.46 P M	Lv 3.05 "
Arr. at Raleigh	2.38 p m	Ar. 11.20 "
Arr. at Goldsboro'	6.20 "	Lve 6.40 am

STATIONS.	Accommodation Train.	
Leave Greensboro.	6.30 a m.	Arr. 5.40 a m
" Co. Shops	11.30 "	Lv. 1.05 a m
Arr. at Raleigh,	6.08 p m.	Arr. 6.08 p m
" at Goldsboro,	11.21 "	Lv 2.15 "

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro	4.45 p. m.
Arrive at Salem	8.45 "
Leave Salem,	9.15 a m.
Arrive at Greensboro,	12.45 "

Passenger train leaving Raleigh at 11.20 a. m. connects at Greensboro with the Southern bound train; making the quickest time to all Southern cities. Accommodation Train leaving Raleigh at 6.40 P M connects with Northern bound Train at Greensboro for Richmond and all points east. Price of Tickets same as via other routes.

Accommodation Train leaving Greensboro at 6.30 a m. connect at Goldsboro with Northern and Southern bound Trains on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad.

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